DENSITY, SPECIES COMPOSITION OF Vibrio sp. AND GROWTH PERFORMANCE OF Litopenaeus vannamei IN CULTURED SHRIMP WATER AT DIFFERENT C/N RATIO

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This research was conducted to evaluate the density, composition of Vibrio species and growth performance of white shrimp (P. vanamei) cultured in cement tank 's water maintained at different ratio of C/N. Shrimps were acclimated during 10 days at the density of 2000 shrimp/m³ at salinity of 20 \pm 0.1%. The experiment was conducted with the 4 treatments: Control with no molasses added, treatments 1, 2 and 3 were supplemented with molasses at the rate of 10, 15 and 20 C/N. Bacteria density of Vibrio spp. ranged from 3.71×10^3 cfu/mL $- 3.60 \times 10^6$ cfu/mL. However, density of total Vibrio fluctuated under the sinusoidal wave of 4 days/cycle. Vibrio bacteria were isolated on Chromagar Vibrio media, they were Vibrio parahaemolyticus; V. vulnificus; V. cholerae and V. alginolyticus. The results showed that the final weight of shrimp and the FCR of the treatments were not significantly different. However, the specific growth rate (SCR), the absolute growth rate in body weight (WG), were statistically significantly different (P< 0.05). In which, the final weight of shrimp in treatment 2 (C/N= 15: 1) was highest $(0.69 \pm 0.04 \text{ g/unit})$, followed by NT1 (C/N= 10: 1). $0.66 \pm 0.04 \text{ g/ind.}$), which was 0.53 ± 0.06 g / ind. in NT3 (C/N= 20: 1) and lowest in the control $(0.45 \pm 0.06 \text{ g/ind.})$.

Keywords: Biofloc, Vibrio sp., White leg shrimp, Litopenaeus vannamei.